This is a list of all substantial corrections made to *Computers & Typesetting* between the first "Millennium edition" of 2000 and the second such edition, which appeared late in 2001. (More precisely, it lists errors to the 16th, 7th, 6th, 4th, and 5th printings of Volumes A, B, C, D, and E, respectively, that were corrected in the 17th, 8th, 7th, 5th, and 6th printings.) Changes to the mini-indexes and master indexes of Volumes B, D, and E are not shown here unless they are not obviously derivable from what has been shown.

Page A16, line 7 from the bottom	(06/30/01)
Ten-point type is different from magnified five-point	type.
Page A17, line 7	(06/30/01)
fications that grow in geometric ratios—something like equal-temp	pered tuning
Page A51, lines 18–20	(06/30/01)
<pre>ff yields ff; fi yields fi; fl yields fl; ffi yields ffi; fff '' yields"; '' yields "; !' yields ;; ?' yields ¿; yields -; yields</pre>	L yields ffl;
Page A52, line 7 from the bottom	(06/30/01)
<b>\ae</b> , <b>\AE</b> $x, E$ (Latin ligature and Scandinavian letter A	AE)
Page A71, line 15	(06/30/01)
One of the interesting things that can happen when glue st	retches and
Page A180, line 20	(06/30/01)
Challenge number 5: $k = 1.38065 \times 10^{-16} \mathrm{erg} \mathrm{K}^{-1}.$	
Page A254, line 12 from the bottom becomes two lines	(04/09/01)
<pre>\output={\unvbox255    \ifnum\outputpenalty&lt;10000 \penalty\outputpenalty\fi}</pre>	
Page A292, lines 13–16	(06/30/01)
• \mathchoice (filler) { (math mode material) } (filler) { (math mode (filler) { (math mode material) } (filler) { (math mode material) }. Four math are defined as in the second alternative of a (math field), are recorded item" that is appended to the current list.	e material)} i lists, which in a "choice

Page A306, line 7	(06/30/01)

instead of a shelfful. In fact, the latter idea—to insert an italic correction—is prefer-

## 2 Bugs in Computers & Typesetting, 2001

(06/30/01)	
(01/30/01)	
ens:	
(01/30/01)	
en-macher.	
(06/30/01)	
0 and 255, inclu- coming to some- ': (1) a charac- irely from charac- rminates this part hissible items. No-	
(07/08/01)	
(07/09/01)	
(06/30/01)	
	(05/04/01)
before the ' <b>end</b> ' of a	a procedure in
	(05/04/01)
}	
	(05/04/01)
	(04/08/01)
	(06/30/01) (01/30/01) ms: (01/30/01) mmacher. (06/30/01) phenation is aban- 0 and 255, inclu- coming to some- ': (1) a charac- irely from charac- rminates this part hissible items. No- (07/08/01) (07/09/01) (06/30/01) (06/30/01) pefore the 'end' of a

or unset nodes; in particular, each mlist item appears in the variable-size part of mem, so the type field is always present.

Page B382, line 6	(01/01/01)
between 'fl' and 'y', then $m = 2, t = 2$ , and $y_1$ will be a ligation of the second	ture node for 'fl' followed by an
Page B386, line 11	(04/08/01)
$qi(2), qi(6)$ : <b>begin</b> $cur_r \leftarrow rem_byte(q); \{  =:,  =:> \}$	
Page B475, line 12	(07/01/01)
end; $\{$ now we are in vertical mode, working on the list that $v$	$ \text{ vill contain the display } \}$
Page C204, line 3 from the bottom	(07/08/01)
slightly. If $autorounding > 1,$ you get even more changes: Paths are	perturbed slightly
Page C238, lines 9 and 8 from the bottom	(07/08/01)
tance is length $(z_4 - z_1)$ . But there's a slicker solution: Just calculat	e
abs ypart $((z_1 - z_2) \text{ rotated } - \text{angle}(z_3 - z_2))$ .	
Page C313, bottom line	(06/30/01)
— LA ROCHEFOUCAULD,	Maximes (1665)
Page C352, left column	(06/30/01)
La Rochefoucauld, François VI, 313.	
Page C357, right column	(07/08/01)
*true, 55, 64-65, 170, 210.	
Page D8, line 2	(05/04/01)
statements will be meaningful. We insert the label ' $exit$ ' just b	efore the ' <b>end</b> ' of a procedure in
Page D28, line -8	(05/04/01)
<b>begin</b> <i>update_terminal</i> ; { now the user sees the prompt for sure	}
Page D101, line 21	(07/08/01)
<b>define</b> $subscr_head_loc(\#) \equiv \# + 1$ { where $value$ , $subscr_head$ , a	and <i>attr_head</i> are }
Page D180, lines 22 and 23	(01/26/01)

(y, -x) will appear in node p. Similarly, a fourth-octant transformation will have been applied after the transition, so we will have  $x\_coord(q) = -x$  and  $y\_coord(q) = y$ .

## 4 Bugs in Computers & Typesetting, 2001

## Page D196, lines 7 and 8

(01/26/01)

(07/03/01)

where  $x'(t) \ge 0$  we have  $right_type = first_octant$  or  $right_type = eighth_octant$ ; in regions where  $x'(t) \le 0$ , we have  $right_type = fifth_octant$  or  $right_type = fourth_octant$ .

Page D511, line 17  $\,$ 

from appearing again.

Page E9, line 9

[92] [123] [124]) ) )

(07/03/01)